

DESIGNING A LEARNING ENVIRONMENT FOR GEOMETRY

University of Oslo October 16, 2013

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Dimensions of Design

- 1. Viewing the whole design agenda
- 2. Translating the history of geometry
- 3. Understanding the philosophy of geometry knowledge
- 4. Mastering the mathematics
- 5. Building the technology
- 6. Supporting collaboration
- 7. Researching the learning processes
- 8. Theorizing the approach & resources
- 9. Defining the pedagogy
- **10. Developing the curricular resources**
- 11. Design-based research of human-centered geometry

1. Viewing the whole design agenda

How should one translate the classic-education approach of Euclid's geometry into the contemporary vernacular of social networking, computer visualization, and discourse-centered pedagogy?

A multi-dimensional, iteratively evolving design-based research approach to designing a human-centered, 21st century geometry education using computer-supported collaborative learning

11 chapters of Translating Euclid book

MORGAN & CLAYPOOL PUBLISHERS

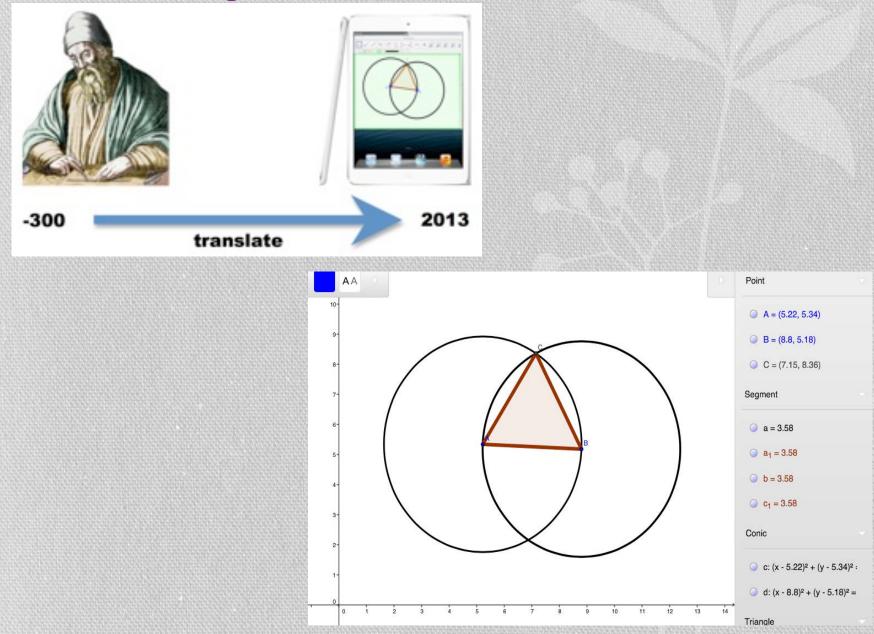
Translating Euclid Designing a Human-Centered

Gerry Stahl

Synthesis Lectures on Human-Centered Informatic

John M. Carroll, Series Editor

Translating from clay tablets to iPad tablets



2. Translating the history of geometry

- Early Greeks explored using persistent diagrams and specialized text in small, distributed community
- Euclid systematized a set of postulates that built on each other to construct and prove properties of figures. Established deductive argumentation
- Successive further bureaucratization of proofs as objective truth
- Axiomatization and formal logic. Euler extensions. Non-Euclidean geometries
- > Dynamic geometry using computer interface

3. Understanding the philosophy of geometry knowledge

- Alienation of geometric objects from human creators – starting with Plato's world of ideas
- Abstraction from the construction process enabled progress, but reified the constructs into otherworldly, mental objects
- The social construction of geometry was obscured by a focus on individual thought and knowledge; a widespread ideology of individualism

4. Mastering the mathematics

- Dynamic geometry offers a potential to retrieve the human-centered nature of geometry as a product of creative-discovery
- Collaborative dynamic geometry offers a potential to retrieve the social nature of geometry as a product of community discourse
- At the core of dynamic geometry is the concept of dependency. Proof can be understood as a consequence of constructed dependencies, based on a dialectic of discovery and creation





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what you will

construct:

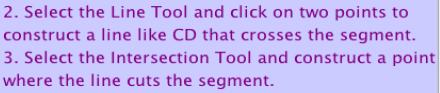
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An example of ***Construct dependent objects*** Take turns controlling the construction.

ABC

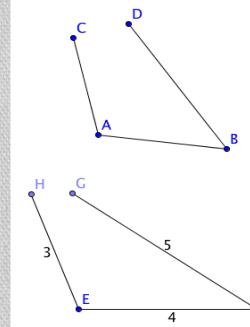
1. Select the Segment Tool and click on two points to construct a segment like AB.

Move



4. Construct another point on the segment and another point on the line, like F and G.

5. Drag each point, the line and the segment. 6. Discuss in the chat how each object is free, constrained or dependent on other objects.



If one triangle is congruent to another, then all its angles and all its sides are dependent on the corresponding angles and sides of the other triangle.

Move

Given three segments -- AB, AC, BD -for constructing a triangle, how many angles or sides do you have to constrain to fully constrain the triangle?

The three segments EF, DH, FG have been constructed with the Segment-with-Given-Length-from-Point tool to constrain their lengths. How many triangles can you construct with these segments?

What do you conclude?

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5. Building the technology

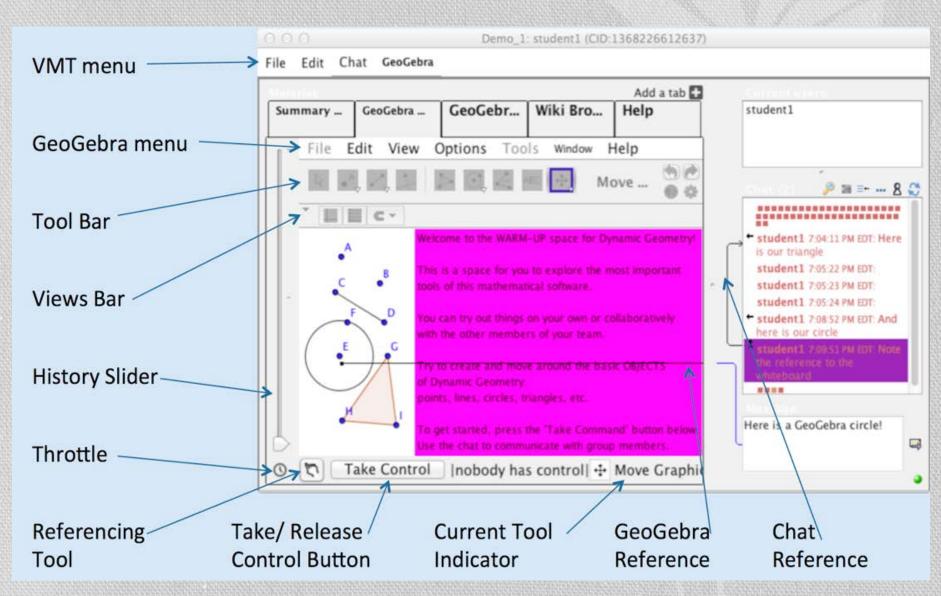
- Geometer's Sketchpad, Cabri, etc. pioneered the creation of dynamic geometry
- GeoGebra makes it freely available and integrated with other math (3-d, algebra, statistics, spreadsheet, trig, calculus, etc.)
- VMT provides a collaboration environment and integrates the first multi-user dynamic geometry
- The next dozen slides describe the design of the Virtual Math Teams (VMT) online environment

Virtual Math Teams (VMT)

VMT is an online environment for students to work on and discuss math problems synchronously.

VMT combines support for dynamic geometry with media for collaborative learning.

VMT with multiple GeoGebra tabs



Integration with GeoGebra

- Remote students can synchronously work on a shared construction together.
 - Users can take turns manipulating the construction.
 - Adding, deleting, modifying and moving objects
 - The construction will stay in sync on each user's screen.
 - Users can chat about the problem as they work.

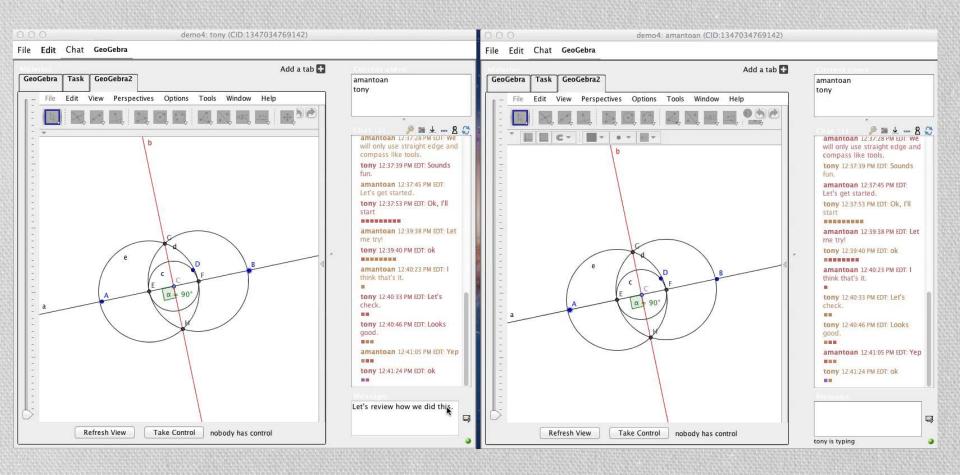
Multi-user GeoGebra

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File Edit Chat			File Edit Chat						
Manuali	Add a tab 🛨	Current weeks	Materiali		Converted when re-				
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History Tracker

- Built-in history tracker allows users to scroll back and forth in time to see how the construction developed.
 - Shows everything that happened including style changes and object movements.
 - Each GeoGebra workspace is tracked separately.

History Tracker In Action



Other Shared Tools

Shared Whiteboard

- Users can doodle on the shared whiteboard
- Draw simple shapes
- Summarize work, draft shared statements, note observations or hypotheses in text boxes
 - History of the whiteboard is also tracked.

Web browser

- Simple web browser
- Can be used to show instructions for the student's assignments or other related information on the web.

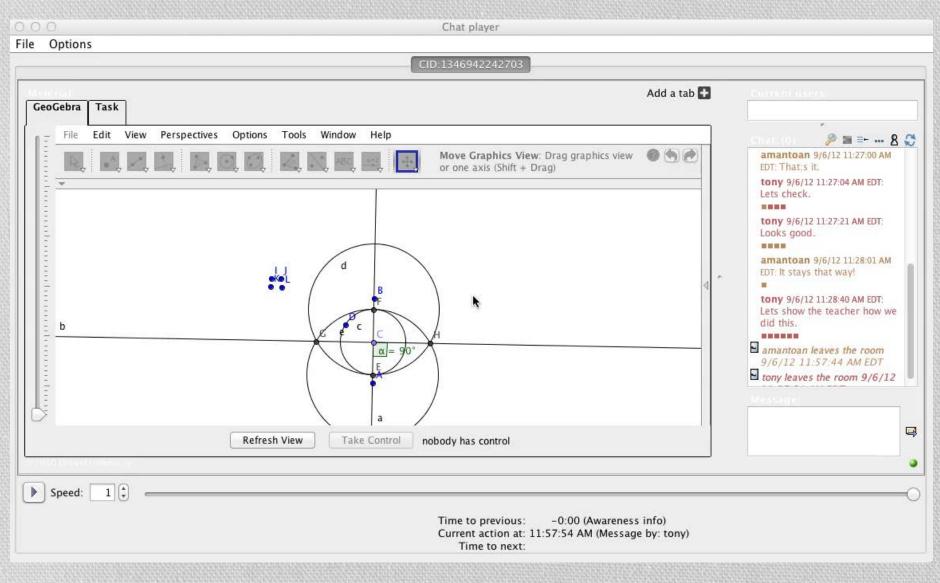
VMT has built in tools for session analysis

VMT records every chat, and action in the session.

Provides a session replayer to go back and forth through the session step by step.

Chat, whiteboard, and GeoGebra events all playback in the order they occurred in the original session.

The VMT Session Replayer



VMT has built in tools for session analysis

Spreadsheet log files can be downloaded for each VMT room – by anyone: students, students from other teams, parents, teachers, researchers.

Log files and the VMT Replayer provide unique insights for teachers and researchers.

Allows teachers to go back and see anything that teams did in the chat rooms.

Session Log Files

A		B	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	Line Date Start Time Post Time		Duration	EventType	tony	amantoan		
2	1	09/06/2012		10:38:42	00:00:00	chat	joins the room	
3	2	09/06/2012		10:39:54	0:1:12	chat		joins the room
4	3	09/06/2012		11:24:49	0:44:55	chat	Hello	
5	4	09/06/2012		11:25:07	0:0:18	chat		Hi. Lets start by looking a the task description.
6	5	09/06/2012		11:25:11	0:0:4	chat	Ok.	
7	6	09/06/2012		11:25:31	0:0:20	chat	Alright, I'll start.	
8		09/06/2012		11:25:42	0:0:11	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added point:Point "A"	
9		09/06/2012		11:25:44	0:0:2	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added point:Point "B"	
10		09/06/2012		11:25:44	0:0:0	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added line:Line "a"	
11		09/06/2012		11:25:50	0:0:6	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added point:Point "C"	
12		09/06/2012		11:25:52	0:0:2	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added point:Point "D"	
13		09/06/2012		11:25:52	0:0:0	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added conic:Circle "c"	
14		09/06/2012		11:26:01	0:0:9	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added point:Point "E"	
15		09/06/2012		11:26:02	0:0:1	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added point:Point "F"	
16	7	09/06/2012		11:26:18	0:0:16	chat	0	Great, I'll take it from here
17		09/06/2012		11:26:29	0:0:11	Geogebra:GeoGebra		added conic:Circle "d"
18		09/06/2012		11:26:33	0:0:4	Geogebra:GeoGebra		added conic:Circle "e"
19		09/06/2012		11:26:40	0:0:7	Geogebra:GeoGebra		added point:Point "G"
20		09/06/2012		11:26:43	0:0:3	Geogebra:GeoGebra		added point:Point "H"
21		09/06/2012		11:26:52	0:0:9	Geogebra: GeoGebra		added line:Line "b"
22	8	09/06/2012		11:27:00	0:0:8	chat		That;s it.
23	9	09/06/2012		11:27:04	0:0:4	chat	Lets check.	
24		09/06/2012		11:27:15	0:0:11	Geogebra:GeoGebra	added angle: Angle "?"	0
25	10	09/06/2012		11:27:21	0:0:6	chat	Looks good.	
26								
27		et1/4/		J.ac			anti-	

VMT Is Publicly Available

- VMT is open source.
- Our Math Forum VMT server is available for all to use – vmt.mathforum.org
- Anyone may set up their own VMT server.

Create your own topic rooms

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PEOPLE LEARNI	prum@Drexel		in Middle and Online professional development by the Math Forum, Drexel Universit (Graduate credit and stipends availed	ty, and Rutgers University / / /
Home Math Help Pr Welcome What'	oblems & Puzzles Math Talk s New Students	Resources & Tools Educators	About The Math Forum Parents & Citizens	Researchers
 Virtual Math ' Welcome tony New to VMT? List of All Rooms My Profile My Teammates My Rooms My Rooms Messages Manage Activities VMT Help Pages VMT Help Pages VMT Lounge Room VMT Lounge Room VMT Replayer 3 Alpha-1 Logout	F	ibular List ilter Chat Rooms By roject IGI 2012 Apply filters	Last Activity Show All ÷	
	© I	Ferms of Use Collaborators Drexel University 2010. All Rig ad educational enterprise of th <u>Collaborators</u> (Contribute Contact Us ts Reserved. a <u>Goodwin College of Professional Studies</u> .	

6. Supporting collaboration

Virtual math teams are guided by carefully designed and tested curricular resources

They drag points to discover, discuss and reflect on dependencies in figures

They discuss how to construct figures with the needed dependencies and take turns constructing and testing the figures

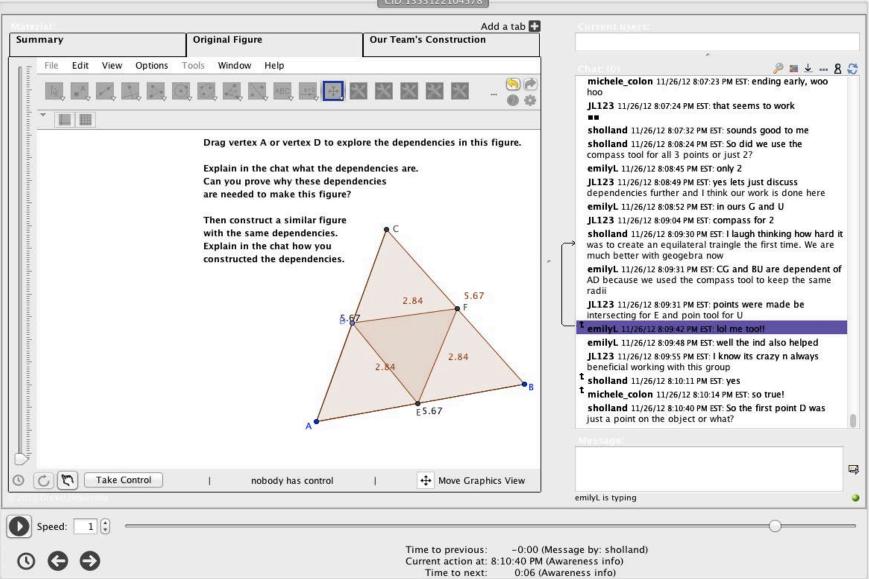
Teachers collaborate on inscribed triangles

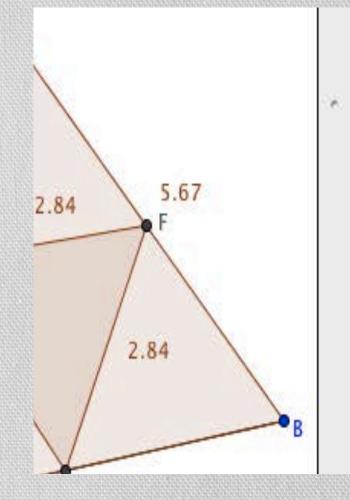
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Chat player

File Options

CID:1353122104578





sholland 11/26/12 8:09:30 PM EST: I laugh thinking how hard it was to create an equilateral traingle the first time. We are much better with geogebra now

emilyL 11/26/12 8:09:31 PM EST: CG and BU are dependent of AD because we used the compass tool to keep the same radii

JL123 11/26/12 8:09:31 PM EST: points were made be intersecting for E and poin tool for U

emilyL 11/26/12 8:09:42 PM EST: lol me too!!

emilyL 11/26/12 8:09:48 PM EST: well the ind also helped

JL123 11/26/12 8:09:55 PM EST: I know its crazy n always beneficial working with this group

- t sholland 11/26/12 8:10:11 PM EST: yes
- michele_colon 11/26/12 8:10:14 PM EST: so true!

Students collaborate on inscribed squares

gles			S	quares				Hexago	ns		
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0	n [Take	Control		nobo	dy	has co	ntrol	1	声 Po	lygon

1 8

cheerios 3/4/13 4:00:42 PM EST1 made a line segment which was if than i used the perpendicular line tool and made 2 lines on each side then used the compass tool and clicked on each point and then the center vertex was i and then made a another circle except the center vertex is j and connected all the points

fruitloops 3/4/13 4:01:07 PM ESTcorrect

cheerios 3/4/13 4:01:15 PM EST then used to polygon tool and then hid the circles and lines

fruitloops 3/4/13 4:01:36 PM EST and we used the circles to make the sides equal because the sides are their radius

fruitloops 3/4/13 4:02:39 PM ESTpoint m is like point e because it moves around

fruitloops 3/4/13 4:02:48 PM ESTand its the same color

fruitloops 3/4/13 4:04:14 PM ESTgood!!

fruitloops 3/4/13 4:04:40 PM ESTnow hide the circles

7. Researching the learning processes

Students are asked to identify chat log segments that show effective collaboration and to reflect on what they noticed and wondered about

Teachers are asked to select and reflect on student chat log segments – and to discuss how to improve the resources, approach and experience

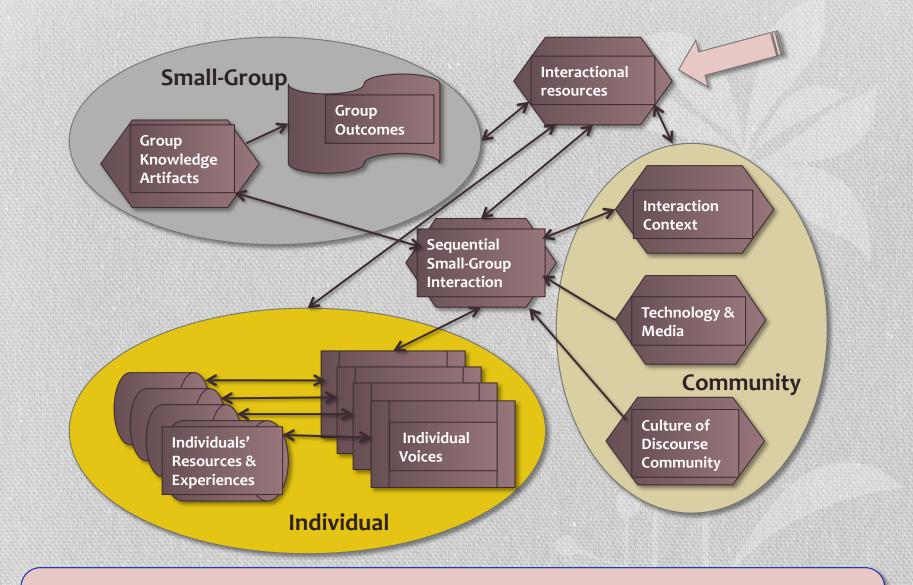
Researchers analyze logs and replayer to understand strengths and weaknesses of resources and to investigate how student teams collaboratively master dynamic geometry practices, skills and understanding

8. Theorizing the approach & resources

The ideology of individualism views geometry as a realm of mental ideas that individuals must master using logic.

But geometry is a product of the community of mathematicians, math educators and math students during the past 2,600 years; it can be learned collaboratively by teams discovering and creating under the guidance of teachers/educators

There is validity both to the importance of individual mental effort and socio-cultural practices. There should be support at individual, group and community levels



Levels of analysis connected by interactional resources

My recent theoretical work

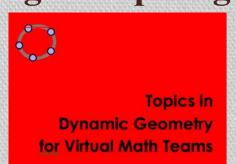
Group cognition as focus of analysis on the interpersonal inter-action

> Theory of resources mediating learning

Unity of levels of analysis/interaction:
Individual, team, community (class, schooling, math)

Theory implications of analyses of collaborative dynamic geometry learning **10. Developing the curricular resources** Although the VMT Project was funded to just develop the technology and analyze its effectiveness, the real problem is to design the pedagogy: approach &

resources



We developed a set of about 18 "topics" in a workbook format that included tutorial "tours" of the technology. Each topic was intended for about a onehour online, synchronous, collaborative session. Each topic included 3 to 10 GeoGebra tabs with guiding tasks

Pedagogical focus

The approach emphasis includes:

- 1. The importance of experiencing first-hand the actual doing of mathematics: exploration, noticing, discovering, wondering, conjecturing, creating, designing, constructing, explaining, understanding, proving, teaching
- 2. Resisting the tradition of accepting on authority the definitions and understandings of geometric objects
- **3. Resisting the temptation to use GeoGebra just to illustrate geometric facts with pretty figures or flashy simulations**
- 4. Guiding teachers and students to design their own constructions, including the definition of custom tools
- 5. Emphasizing the role of dependencies in dynamic geometry

Beginning topics

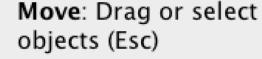
- 1. Warm up login and create points
- 2. Messing with dynamic geometry dragging points; copying & adding segment lengths
- 3. Visualizing Thales' and Pythagoras' theorems
- 4. Constructing equilateral triangles
- 5. Programming custom tools: perpendicular lines, parallel lines, equilateral triangles
- 6. Finding 8 centers of triangles challenge: Euler's segment and the nine-point circle of a triangle





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An example of what you will construct:

B

Construct a segment whose length = sum of two lengths Construct a circle with center through a point, its radius and a chord.

(A radius is a segment from a circle's center to a point on its circumference--like AB--and a chord is a segment connecting two points on its circumference--like BC.)

Construct a line like DE and construct a segment along it, whose length is the sum of the lengths of your radius + chord. 3. Drag each point, segment or circle to make sure that the length of the segment changes dynamically correctly.

Intermediate topics

- 7. Rigid transformations, symmetry, proof of area of a triangle
- 8. Exploring angles of triangles and similar triangles
- 9. Visualizing congruent triangles
- 10. Solving typical geometry problems
- 11. Constructing inscribed triangles & polygons
- 12. Building a hierarchy of kinds of triangles

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C v

This is a tricky case.

Given triangle ABC, construct another triangle with an angle equal to ABC, a side along the angle equal to side AB, and a side opposite the angle equal to side AC.

- 1. Use the compass tool to copy angle ABC to angle HGI 2. Use the compass tool to copy side AB to side GJ and
- 3. to copy side AC to side JK.
- 4. Now drag point K to meet the side extending GI.

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- 5. Notice that for some shapes of triangle ABC, there are two points that satisfy the constraint SSA, but that only one of them constructs a triangle congruent to ABC
- 6. Discuss this in the chat.

Small

В D В F

To construct the centroid of a triangle, construct the midpoints of the three sides (you can use the Midpoint tool for this). Then construct Segments from the Midpoints to the opposite vertex. Construct the Point where these Segments intersect. (Note that all three Segments intersect at the same location, so you can use the intersection of any two Segments.)

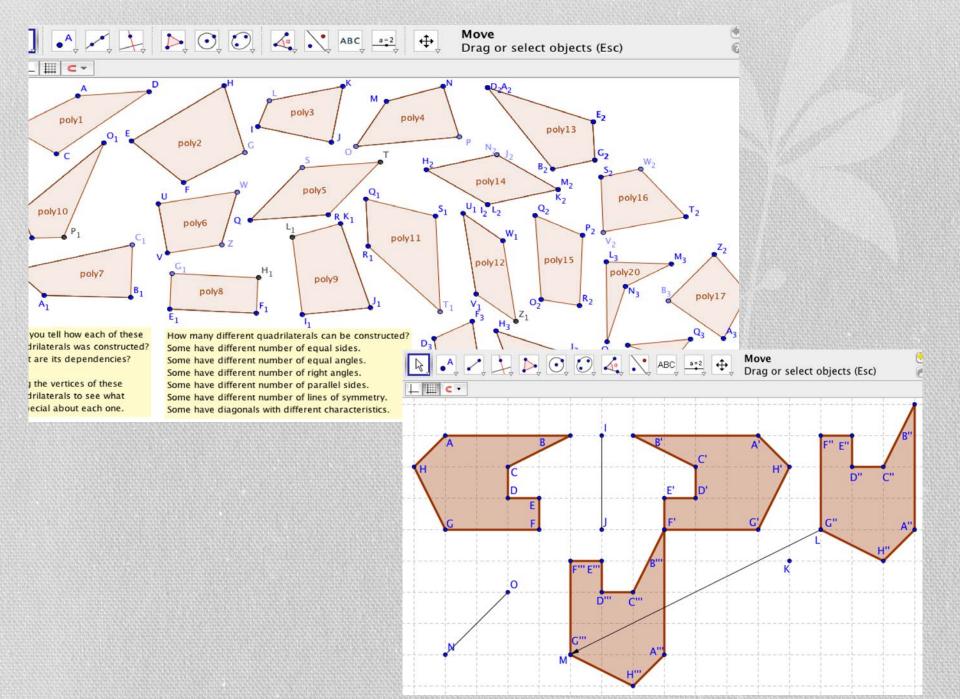
ABC

Now create a custom tool to automatically construct the centroid given the three vertices of a triangle.

Create some different triangles and their centroids. Drag the vertices of the triangle and observe how the centroid behaves. Is it always inside the triangle?

Advanced topics

- 13. Constructing a square and other quadrilaterals
- 14. Building the hierarchy of quadrilaterals
- **15. Constructing a tangent geometrically and using the GeoGebra algebra interface**
- 16. Proving incenter properties and Euler segment properties with constructed dependencies
- **17. Modeling a factory workflow with systems of rigid transformations**
- **18. Exploring taxicab transformational geometry**



11. Design-based research of human-centered geometry

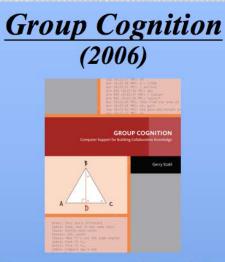
Discover: The curricular topics guide student teams and teacher teams to discover dependencies in dynamic-geometric figures

Create: The curricular topics guide student teams and teacher teams to creatively design and construct dependencies in dynamic-geometric figures

Understand, explain, prove: Students and teachers learn to view geometric truths in terms of constructed dependencies. They begin to see the causality of the world as human/social creative-discovery involving designed dependencies

The VMT Project evolves its pedagogical approach through iterative analysis of interactions among teams of researchers or teachers or students using the technology and resources. The research process is reflected in its publications and presentations.

The Virtual Math Teams Trilogy



<u>Computer Support for Building</u> Collaborative Knowledge

MIT Press, 510 pages Available for Kindle

The theory of group cognition emerges from several studies of CSCL and CSCW technologies. Analysis of interaction. Theory of CSCL.

www.GerryStahl.net/elibrary/gc



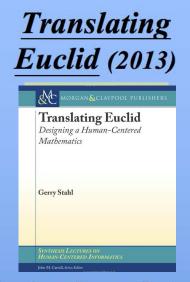
<u>Studying Virtual</u> Math Teams (2009)



Springer Press, 626 pages CSCL Book Series, paperback

Studies of the VMT Project technology, pedagogy, analysis, theory by team members and international collaborators

www.GerryStahl.net/elibrary/svmt



<u>Creating a Human-Centered</u> <u>Mathematics</u>

Morgan Claypool Publishers, 325 pages, e-book & paperback

Latest results of this designbased CSCL research from many perspectives.

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Topics in Dynamic Geometry for Virtual Math Teams